Occurrence of the Yellow-billed Tropic Bird in Florida.— Although this species is common enough in the West Indies, it does not seem to have been observed many times on the mainland of North America. even along the coast of Florida. On this account a specimen, shot April 21, 1886, on Bananna River, at the southern end of Merritt's Island, Florida, may be worth recording. I had the bird of Mr. C. J. Maynard, for whom it was collected by a Mr. Peterson. It is a female, in immature and rather ragged plumage. Mr. Maynard tells me that it was captured just after a series of southeast gales.—WILLIAM BREWSTER, *Cambridge, Mass.* 

The Breeding of Branta canadensis at Reelfoot Lake, Tenn.-On the 7th of June, 1886, I took a trip to Reelfoot Lake, situated in the extreme northeastern part of Tennessee and distant about twelve or fourteen miles from Hickman, Ky. My first intimation of the breeding of the Canada Goose at that place was while I was waiting for dinner at Mr. Carpenter's, who keeps a hotel for the benefit of persons visiting the lake, and also of himself. While watching some small birds in a tree near the house, I was attracted by the appearance of a flock of six Geese wandering about in the yard, and after looking at them a moment, I said to Mr. Carpenter "Are not those Wild Geese?" "Yes," he said, "I found six eggs on a stump in the lake and brought them home, set them under a tame Goose, and every one hatched." "Why," I said, "I did not know they would breed so far south." "O, yes," he answered, "they breed here every summer." These Geese were tamer than the common domestic Geese, eating out of his hand, etc. They made no effort to get away, though, had their wings not been clipped, they would probably have flown to the lake very soon.

Then after dinner when I was paddling a little plank canoe, a full grown Goose came flying along a little to one side of the canoe. I did not mistake it for any other bird. It was too close for that. I do not think it was hurt or sickly, it flew too swiftly and well for that.

Wishing to have still more proof on the subject, I asked a boy who often goes to the lake to fish and hunt, if he knew that the Wild Geese stayed there all summer. He answered, "Yes, I do. I've seen the young Geese round in the water many a time."

I think these facts go far to prove that the Wild Goose breeds at Reelfoot Lake.—L. O. PINDAR, *Hickman*, *Ky*.

Breeding of the White-faced Glossy Ibis in Florida.—I have lately obtained from Mr. C. J. Maynard a set of three eggs of the White-faced Glossy Ibis (*Plegadis guarauna*), taken April 18, 1886, at or near Lake Washington (the head of the St. Johns River), Florida. The nest was "in bushes, a few feet from the ground." The identity of the eggs is open